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DEC-23 0084

BP-601 T (Medicinal Chemistry-III)

B.Pharm-6th (PCI)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

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Note: The question paper contains three sections I, II, III section II and attempt any seven questions from section III Section I is compulsory. Attempt any two questions from

Short Answer (Compulsory)

Answer all the questions-

 $(20 \times 1 = 20)$

What is meant by de novo drug design?

The synthesis of a compound from simple starting

9 range of structures The design of the synthesis required to generate a novel

S studies of a binding site. The design of a novel drug based on molecular modelling

ع studies into how it binds to its target binding site. The modification of a drug based on molecular modelling

N of the following is a simplified analogue of tetracyclines? The tetracyclines act as intercalating anticancer agents. Which

a) Mitoxantrone

b) Teniposide

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c) Daunorubicin

d) Dactinomycin

ω The following antibacterial agent was used in the Second World

Erythromycin

Proflavine

Chloramphenicol

Rifampicin

What is the molecular target for the vinca alkaloids used as anticancer agents?

The transport protein for serotonin b) DNA

Cell membrane

Tubulin

antibacterial agent? Which type of infection could be orally treated with a highly polar

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a) brain infection

kidney infection

gut infection

lung infection

Which of the following statements best describes structure activity relationships (SAR)?

chemical reactivity of the drug. The study of which functional groups are important to the

important to the absorption of a drug into the blood supply The study of the physicochemical properties that are

important to its biological activity. The study of the structural features of a drug that are

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٥ important to its chemical stability. The study of the structural features of a drug that are

systemically. Which of the following statements is correct? topically, whereas fluconazole is a polar drug which is used Tioconazole is a non-polar antifungal agent which is used

nitrogen atoms making the drug less polar. The heterocyclic groups in fluconazole contain more

ь Increased polarity decreases water solubility.

The fluorine substituents in fluconazole increase water

0

The alcohol group in fluconazole increases polarity.

phosphate prodrugs? Which of the following statements is true with respect to

Phosphate esters are more polar in nature than the parent

9 Phosphate esters are less water soluble than the parent

0 Phosphate esters are more likely to cross cell membranes than the parent drug.

٩ Phosphate esters are resistant to drug metabolism.

9

quinine

morphine

isoniazid

9 artemisinin

10. What is meant by docking?

The process by which two different structures are compared by molecular modelling.

5 The process by which a lead compound is simplified by removing excess functional groups

೦ binding sites using molecular modelling. The process by which drugs are fitted into their target

The process by which a pharmacophore is identified

11. Which of the following is not a sulfonamide?

sulfacetamide

Dapsone

12. Which of the following is a biosynthetic penicillin?

Ampicillin

9 9 sulfanilamide sulfamethoxazole

5 Amoxicillin

13. Which of the following is not a fluoroquinolone? Benzylpenicillin ٥ Propicillin

ڡ Nalidixic acid Gatifloxacin

14. Which of the following is a beta-lactamase inhibitor?

Norfloxacin

Ciprofloxacin

Clavulanic acid

Tazobactam

9 Sulbactam

All of the above

15. Which of the following is a macrolide antibiotic?

Ampicillin

Chloramphenicol

Erythromycin

16. Which of the following is an artemisinin derivative? Kanamycin

artesunate

arteether

9 artemether All of the above

17. Which of the following is not an Antitubercular antibiotic?

Rifabutin Ribavirin

Cycloserine Capreomycin

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18. Which of the following is an Antifungal antibiotic? Tolnaftate

Miconazole

Itraconazole

Natamycin

19. Which of the following is an Antigiardial drug?

Furazolidone

Metronidazole

All of the above Quinacrine

20. Which of the following is not an antiviral agent?

Acyclovir

Atovoquone

Indinavir

SECTION-ڡ None of the above $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

21. Give chemical classification of antibiotics. Write a detailed note on cephalosporins.

Long Answer (Any Two)

Classify the anti-tubercular agents. Discuss the synthetic antitubercular agents.

Describe the various parameters used in QSAR

SECTION-III

 $(7 \times 5 = 35)$

Short Note Answer (Any Seven)

24. Describe the various approaches used in drug design.

Write synthesis, uses and mechanism of action of sulfacetamide.

Give the chemical classification of anti-viral agents

Give synthesis and mechanism of action of ciprofloxacin

28. Discuss the SAR of quinolines. Write the synthesis and mechanism of action of pamaquine.

Describe the concept of prodrug. Enlist its applications

Give the synthesis, uses and mechanism of action of tolnaftate.

31. Describe the structure and mechanism of action of streptomycin.

32. Classify anti-protozoal agents. Write synthesis, uses and MOA of metronidazole.