[Total No. of Questions - 13] [Total No. of Printed Pages - 2] DEC-23-0058

はつい、ではいい

BP-102 T (Pharmaceutical Analysis-I)

B.Pharm-1st (PCI)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

sheet will be issued. book (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary/continuation The candidates shall limit their answers precisely within the answer-

SECTION-A (compulsory)

Objective Type Questions. Each containing 2 marks (10×2=20)

Note: answer all the short questions.

- 1. (a) Write the principle of polarography.
- 9 What are various advantage of hydrogen electrode?
- 0 Define cell potential.
- <u>a</u> Writes advantage of gravimetric analysis.
- <u>e</u> Define chelating agent with example.
- 3 Define solubility product.
- **(9**) What is the need of non aqueous titration?
- Ξ What do you mean by equivalence point?
- \odot When first edition British pharmacopoeia was published? What are various component of it?
- 9 Define molarity and normality.

SECTION-B

BP-102 T

Long answer type questions. Each containing 10 marks

Note: answer any two questions

- 2. Write various sources of impurities in medicinal substances.
- 3. Write principle, working and application of conductometric
- Write various steps involved in gravimetric analysis.

SECTION-C

Short note answer type question.

 $(7 \times 5 = 35)$

Note: answer any seven questions

- Ġ Write various methods for expression of concentration of liquids.
- Explain neutralization curve
- .7 Write a note on mohr's methods
- œ Define masking and demasking agents.
- 9 Write principle and applications of diazotization titration.

- 10. Explain indicator electrode.
- 11. Write the working and application of dropping mercury electrode.
- 12. Write the procedure for preparation and standardization of 1N sulphuric acid solution.
- 13. Write various types of error in pharmaceutical analysis